



ДОНСКОЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ ТЕХНИЧЕСКИЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ
УПРАВЛЕНИЕ ДИСТАНЦИОННОГО ОБУЧЕНИЯ И ПОВЫШЕНИЯ
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Методические указания

по дисциплине
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«Практическая грамматика»

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Аннотация

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UNIT 1

INDEFINITE/SIMPLE

	Present	Past	Future
Time expressions	Always (всегда), usually(обычно), often (часто), sometimes (иногда), seldom/rarely(редко), never (никогда), ever (когда-нибудь), every day (каждый день), once a week (раз в неделю), on Mondays (по понедельникам)	Yesterday(вчера), the day before yesterday(позавчера), last week/ year, month (на прошлой неделе/году/месяце, two hours ago(два часа назад), in 1492, in May 2004, in the 21 st century, the other day(на днях)	Tomorrow(завтра) , the day after tomorrow (послезавтра), next year (в следующем году), in five days(через пять лет), in 2050, in the future (в будущем), soon(скоро), later(позже), one of these days(на днях)
Affirmative	(V, V-s) We always come late. (Мы всегда приходим поздно) He always comes late.	(V-ed/2ф.н.гл.) We came late yesterday. Мы приехали поздно вчера.	(will+V) We will come late tomorrow.
Negative	(Do/Does+not+V) We don't always come late. He doesn't always come late.	Did+not+V (didn't V) We didn't come late yesterday.	Will+not+V(won't V) We won't come late tomorrow
Interrogative	Do/Does+V? Do you always come late? – Yes, I do/No, I don't. Does he always come late? Yes, he does/No, he doesn't. When does he come? - He always comes late.	Did +V? Did you come late yesterday?	Will+V? Will you come late tomorrow? Yes, I will /No, I won't When will you come tomorrow? - We will come late tomorrow.

I. Practice the Present Simple Tense

1. Complete the sentences with the present simple of the verbs in brackets.

1. Lenaher bedroom at the weekend. (tidy)
2. I a sandwich for lunch on Saturdays. (make)
3. Adam on Sunday afternoons. (go jogging)
4. you often surf the Internet on weekday evenings? – No, I

.....

5. I rarely early on Sunday mornings. (get up)
6. When Janet shopping? (do)
7. Mum breakfast on Sundays. (cook)
8. Mum and Dad relatives at the weekend (visit)

2. Put the adverbs in the correct place

1. – What do you do on Saturday mornings? (usually)
– Nothing much. I sleep until noon. (almost always)
2. – Do you go bicycling? (ever)
– Yeah, I go bicycling on Saturdays. (often)
3. – How often do you play sports? (usually)
– Well, I play tennis. (twice a week)
4. – What do you do after class? (usually)
– I go out with my classmates. (about three times a week)
5. – How often do you exercise? (usually)
– I exercise. (seldom)

II. Practice the Past Simple Tense

1. Complete the sentences with the past simple of the verbs in brackets

1. I Jack and his brother the day before yesterday. (see)
2. your mum and dad fifteen years ago? (meet)
3. We to the south of Spain in July. (go)
4. How well you your holiday last summer? (spend)
5. The weather on the second day we were there.
(change)
6. you London last year? (visit)
7. The travel agent us a full refund. (offer)
8. When your son his school? (finish)

2. Choose the correct alternative

1. I saw Melanie and her sister the day **ago/before** yesterday.
2. Did you graduate from the university **at/in** 1990?
3. They had a great holiday **last/next** year.
4. We went to Australia **in/on** September.
5. The taxi picked me up an hour **ago/last**.
6. Helen's boyfriend dropped her off at the station **at/in** ten o'clock.
7. Where did you go **before/last** summer?

8. Just think – four hours **ago/then** we were in Spain!

III. Practice the Future Simple Tense

1. Complete the sentences with the future simple of the verbs in brackets

1. I think I to see the manager about my position. (ask)
2. The union leader us decide what to do. (help)
3. you..... some time off at Christmas? (have)
4. Don` t worry! I you where everything is. (show)
5. I any more favours for the boss! (not do)
6. What you..... with your wages this week? (buy)
7. He advice from anyone about how to do the job! (not take)
8. The manager for you to take a taxi home. (pay)

2. Choose the correct alternative

1. I` m **hope/sure** the strike will be over soon.
2. I **wonder/think** who the new boss will be!
3. I **sure/hope** they` ll do up the offices next year.
4. Mel phoned to say she will be at work **soon/next**.
5. My mother will be 40 **next/last** month.
6. The climate will get warmer and warmer in the future/nowadays.
7. They will come **in/at** a few days.
8. Will Mum be home late **tonight/last night**?

IV. Review Simple Tenses

1. Choose the correct verbs

1. Stacey shopping for fruit and vegetables every Saturday morning.
A) go B) goes C) went D) will go E) will went
2. He five languages.
A) don` t speak B) didn` t speak
C) doesn` t speak D) won` t speak
3. Michael a great film last night.
A) watches B) will watch
C) watch D) watched
4. I hope the temperature soon.
A) drops B) will drop

UNIT 2

CONTINUOUS/PROGRESSIVE

	Present	Past	Future
Time expressions	Now (сейчас), just/right now(именно сейчас), at the moment(в данный момент), at present(в настоящее время)	When(когда), while (в то время как), as(когда, в то время как), all day/ night/ morning(весь день/всю ночь/все утро), yesterday at 5/from 2 till 5(вчера в 5/с 2 до5)	Tomorrow at this time (завтра в это время), tonight (сегодня вечером), next week/month (на следующей неделе/ месяце), in two/three days(через два/три дня), the day after tomorrow (послезавтра), soon (скоро).
Affirmative	am/is/are+V-ing They are playing really well. (Они играют очень хорошо) They're playing really well.	was/were+V-ing They were playing all morning. (Они играли все утро.)	Will be +V-ing They will be playing tomorrow at this time. (Они будут играть завтра в это время) They'll be playing tomorrow at this time.
Negative	am/is/are+not+V-ing They are not playing really well. (Они играют не очень хорошо). They aren't playing really well	Was/were+not+V-ing They were not playing all morning. (Они не играли все утро) They weren't playing all morning.	Will+not+be+V-ing They will not be playing tomorrow at this time. (Они не будут играть завтра в это время) They won't be playing tomorrow at this time.
Interrogative	Am/Is/Are+S+V-ing Are they playing really well? (Они играют очень хорошо?)– Yes, they are/No, they are not. How are they playing? (Как они играют?) They are playing really well.	Was/were+S+V-ing Were they playing all morning? (Они играли все утро?) – Yes, they were/No, they weren't. How long were they playing? (Как долго они играли?) They were playing all morning.	Will-S+be+V-ing Will they be playing tomorrow at this time?(они будут играть завтра в это время?)- Yes, they will/No, they won't. What will they be doing tomorrow at this time? (Что они будут делать завтра в это время?)- They will be playing tomorrow at this time.
<p>Stative verbs are not usually used in the continuous form See, hear, forgive, care, like, mind, want, know, understand, believe, remember, own, possess, belong, have got, think(expressing an opinion), enjoy(synonym of like), see (synonym of understand)</p>			

I. Practice the Present Continuous Tense

1. Complete the sentences with the present continuous of the verbs in brackets

1. They around the country looking at castles. (travel)
2. Wally and I to night school to learn Japanese. (go)
3. Phil to music from South America. (dance)
4. We to trace our family history. (try)
5. Martin and his dad with some friends. (fish)
6. The boys mountain biking with their youth club. (go)
7. I On my bed thinking about what to do next! (lie)
8. Ellie at the Moon through her telescope. (look)

2. Choose the correct alternative

1. I'm looking after my friend's pet spiders at the **moment/present**.
2. The kids are going bird-watching **last/next** weekend.
3. Be quiet! You're **always/never** talking about hobbies!
4. Where are you going next **night/summer?**
5. Sol's going rollerblading **at/right** now.
6. Fred and Vera are spending a lot of time bird-watching these **days/moments**.
7. I'm not doing anything special **yesterday/tomorrow**.
8. Are you carrying on collecting Spider-Man comics **last/this** year?

3. Choose the correct alternative.

1. I **am thinking/think** of taking up mountain biking in my spare time.
2. What **are you doing/do you do** in your free time?
3. I **hate/ am hating** fishing!
4. I **forgive/am forgiving** you for taking my skateboard.
5. We **see/are seeing** Norman later to have a look at his DVD collection.
6. Frank **is eating/eats** sandwiches when he's out climbing.
7. I **don't remember/am not remembering** how to play the guitar.
8. Yes, **I am enjoying/enjoy** myself at the time!

II. Practice the Past Continuous Tense

1. Complete the sentences with the past continuous of the verbs in brackets

1. Terry knee pads when he had his skateboarding accident. (not wear)
2. The children for the ice rink to open. (wait)
3. The players to the umpire. (not listen)
4. Some of the crowd up to leave as the ref blew the final whistle. (get)
5. I the match until Becks scored the first goal. (not enjoy)
6. Polly as fast as usual. (not run)
7. The goalkeeper attention, so the opposing team scored! (not play)
8. Joe his new football boots for the match. (wear)

2 Choose the correct alternative

1. This time yesterday, I **was playing/played** golf.
2. That tennis player was always **shouting / shouted** at the umpire.
3. I was tired by five o'clock yesterday – I **worked/was working** all afternoon.
4. **Did you enjoy/Were you enjoying** the match last night.
5. A lot of people **were turning up/turned up** to support the teams yesterday.
6. Ten minutes before full time, the referee **was stopping/stopped** the game.
7. I didn't hear the phone because I **was listening/listened** to the match on the radio.
8. **Were you doing/Did you do** your training when I phoned?

III. Practice the Future Continuous Tense

1. Complete the sentences with the future continuous of the verbs in brackets.

1. Sorry, I can't come to your house tomorrow night. I for the exam all evening. (study)
2. I over the Pacific tomorrow at this time. (fly)

Английский язык

- A) was playing B) will be playing
 C) will play D) play
6. The snow heavily as Mary was walking in the park.
 A) was falling B) is falling
 C) fell D) fall
7. They to Canada at seven o'clock this evening.
 A) fly B) 're flying
 C) both B and D are right D) will be flying
8. next weekend?
 A) Will you be working B) Will you work
 C) Do you work D) Did you work

2. Rearrange the words and write the questions.

1. mum – drive – how – your - learning – to- Is - ?
2. you - drama – going – group - to – the - Are - ?
3. in – reading - Ian – his - Is - room - ?
4. are – What – doing – you - ?
5. kite – fly – learning – Who – how – is – to – a - ?
6. you – are – Where – going - ?
7. they – Why – aren't – the – watching – match - ?
8. Aren't – today – in – they – band – the – playing - ?

3. Ask as many questions as it is possible.

1. They were translating an article when we came.
2. I am writing a letter now.
3. She will be flying to London this time tomorrow.

4. Translate sentences into English.

1. Я делал домашнее задание вчера вечером.
2. Я встречаюсь с ним завтра в десять.
3. Что вы делаете сейчас?
4. Кого вы ждете здесь?
5. Не звони мне между девятью и десятью часами. Я буду читать лекцию.
6. Мы едем на пикник в следующую субботу. (запланированное действие)
7. Что ты делал вчера днем?
8. В это время завтра Роб будет сдавать экзамен.

UNIT 3 PERFECT

	Present	Past	Future
Time expressions	Present Perfect может употребляться с обстоятельственными словами, обозначающими период времени, который еще не закончился: Today -сегодня this week (month, year) на этой неделе, в этом месяце, в этом году. Часто употребляется с наречиями неопределенного времени и частотности: never – никогда ever – когда-либо recently – недавно for – в течение since – с, с тех пор already – уже just – только что lately – в последнее время, недавно by now – уже, к настоящему времени up to now – до настоящего момента yet – еще (в вопросах и отрицаниях)	Past Perfect обозначает действие, завершившееся к определенному моменту в прошлом. By (к), by that time (к тому времени)	Обычно время, к которому завершится будущее действие, обозначено в предложении при помощи выражений by (к), by then (к тому времени, тогда), by the time (к тому времени), before (до) и пр. Союзы until / till используются только в отрицательных предложениях.
Affirmative	Have/has+V3 You have spoiled everything. Ты все испортил (все испорчено сейчас).	Had+V3 By six o'clock on Sunday I had already learned all the words. (К шести часам в воскресенье я уже выучил все слова.) She had just made coffee when I arrived	Will/shall+have+V3 We will have finished the report <u>by the evening</u> . (Мы закончим подготовку доклада к вечеру)

Negative	Have/has+not+V3 I haven't seen Peter today. (Я не видел Петра сегодня)	Had+not+V3 I hadn't read the book by Saturday. (Я еще не прочитал эту книгу к субботе.)	Will+have+not+V3 I won't have read the book until next month. (Я не дочитаю книгу до следующего месяца.)
Interrogative	Have/has+S+V3 Have you already done your homework? Ты уже сделал домашнюю работу?	Had+S+V3 Had you known about it before I left? (Ты уже знал об этом до того как я ушел?)	Will-S+have+V3 Will we have built our new house by the beginning of the next year? (Мы достроим наш новый дом к началу следующего года?)

I. Practice the Present Perfect Tense

1. Insert have/has + one of the following verbs in the 3d form

Break, buy, finish, do, go, go, lose, paint, read, take

"Are they still having dinner?" "No, they have finished."

I _____ some new shoes. Do you want to see them?

"Is Tom here?" "No, he _____ to work."

"_____ you _____ the shopping" "No, I'm going to do it later."

"Where's your key?" "I don't know. I _____ it."

Look! Somebody _____ that window.

Your house looks different. _____ you _____ it?

I can't find my umbrella. Somebody _____ it.

I'm looking for Sarah. Where _____ she _____?

"Do you want the newspaper?" "No, thanks. I _____ it."

2. Make up questions using *Have you ever ...?*

- (to be / to Paris?) *Have you ever been to Paris?*
- (play / golf?) *Have you ever played golf?*
- (to be / to Australia?) _____?
- (lose / your passport?) _____?
- (sleep / in the park?) _____?
- (eat / Chinese food?) _____?
- (to be / to New York?) _____?

8. (win / a lot of money?) _____?
9. (break / your leg?) _____?
10. (run / a marathon?) _____?
11. (speak / to famous people?) _____?
12. (live / in another town) _____?

3. Make these sentences negative and interrogative

1. Jack has washed the dog.
2. Father has already cleaned his car.
3. Mr. Snowdon has made a speech at the conference.
4. Granny has bought me some cakes.
5. They have painted their old house.
6. Liz has bought some flowers.
7. My sister has just cooked breakfast for the family.
8. The cat has already eaten fish.
9. Mrs Gracy have gone to London.
10. I have never been to India.

II. Practice the Past Perfect Tense

1. Use Past Perfect Tense of the verbs and translate the sentences into Russian

1. Joe began to work on his own project after the company ... (to fire) him.
2. ... you (to hear) the news on the radio before you saw the program on TV?
3. Jacob didn't want to read the book because he ... (to see) already the movie.
4. The match ... already (to begin) when we ... (to enter) the stadium.
5. Until Susan ... (to meet) Jeremy, she never ... (to fall) in love.
6. Mr. Smith ... (to smoke) for a year before he ... (to decide) to give up this bad habit.
7. ... Kate ever (to drive) on the highway by herself before that accident?
8. How many butterflies ... the boys (to catch) by the time it started raining?
9. Parents ... (to forbid) them to go to the forest, hadn't they?

2. Open the brackets using Past Perfect. Mind! In some sentences Past Simple should be used!

1. When he (to come) home, his mother already (to cook) dinner.
2. When we (to come) to my friend's house, he just (to leave).
3. When her husband (to enter) her office, she already (to finish) her work for that day.
4. Jennifer (to send) him an email after he (to call).
5. Andy (to ask) his friend before he (to propose) him his help.
6. We (to eat) a cake which I (to bring) an hour before.
7. My sister (to take) my dress which I (to buy) in Morocco.
8. I (to work) on the computer yesterday which I (to buy) a week ago.
9. I (to know) that my friend (not yet to complete) the test in the university.
10. Nick and his wife (to come) home from the theatre at five o'clock.

III. Practice the Future Perfect Tense

1. Open the brackets using Future Perfect

1. We (to come) home by the evening tomorrow.
2. We (to finish) his project by the end of the next week?
3. She (to do) her homework by five o'clock tomorrow.
4. When I come home tomorrow, my family (to have) lunch.
5. When they (to come) to the party tomorrow, I (to cook) dinner. I (to finish) it by 5pm.
6. You (to complete) the project by the end of the week?
7. What you (to do) by the end of the year?
8. What you (to make) by five o'clock tomorrow?
9. You (to finish playing) tennis by 7 pm?
10. You (to do) this project by next Friday?

IV. Review Perfect Tenses

1. Open the brackets using Present Perfect, Past Perfect, Future Perfect

1. By the time you receive this letter I (finish) my final exams.
2. He (write) 3 reports on an accident when his mother called.
3. I don't think I (do) these exercises by 3 o'clock.

4. He was looking forward to a good meal at home, but Jill (go) out.
5. Your house looks nice. You (paint) it?
6. After we (discuss) all details on the phone I wrote a letter about it.
7. Before my 18th birthday I (not/be) out of England.
8. It is the easiest job I (ever/have).
9. I felt better after I (take) the medicine.
10. I (not/be) there for ages.
11. She (tidy up) the flat before he comes.
12. I was late. The teacher already (give) a quiz when I came into the classroom.
13. The workers (ship) the goods before the telegram arrives.
14. I am here for an hour. Where you (be)?
15. When I got to the station, the 9 o'clock train (already/leave).

UNIT 4

PERFECT CONTINUOUS/PROGRESSIVE

	Present	Past	Future
Time expressions	for — в течение (for a month, for a long time, for an hour). Либо же используется союз since — с тех пор, который служит отправной точкой действия, с которой все начиналось.	(for ... hours/weeks/years — в течение ... часов/неделя/лет, since 10 o'clock — с 10 часов, since morning — с утра, since 2005 — с 2005 года)	by the time ... - к тому моменту, времени, как ...; by that time, by then - к этому времени, к тому времени; before — прежде, чем; after — после того, как.
Affirmative	Have/has+ been +V-ing My sisters have been watching TV for 3 hours. (Мои сестры смотрят телевизор в течение 3 часов.)	Had been+V-ing He had been sleeping for half an hour when the phone rang. (Я (уже) спал полчаса, когда зазвонил телефон.)	Will+have been+V-ing You will have been waiting for more than two hours when her plane finally arrives. (Ты прождешь свыше двух часов, прежде чем ее самолет, наконец, приземлится.)
Negative	Have/has+not+been+V-ing I haven't been waiting for my brother for a long time. (Я не жду своего брата долго)	had+not+been+V-ing I have not been working since 10 o'clock, so I am not very tired now. (Я не работаю с 10 часов, поэтому я сейчас не очень уставший.)	Will+not+have been+V-ing You will not have been waiting for more than two hours when her plane finally arrives. (Ты не прождешь свыше двух часов, прежде чем ее самолет, наконец,

Interrogative	Have/has+S+been+V-ing Has he been living in Minsk for 5 years? (Он живет в Минске в течение 5 лет.)	had+S+been+V-ing Had he been working since 10 o'clock? (Он работал с 10 часов?)	приземлится.) Will-S+have been+V-ing Will you have been waiting for more than two hours when her plane finally arrives? (Ты прождешь свыше двух часов, прежде чем ее самолет, наконец, приземлится?)
<p>Формы Perfect Continuous (за исключением Future Perfect Continuous) имеют тенденцию ко все большему распространению в современном английском языке, хотя их употребление и ограничивается в некоторых случаях. Глаголы, которые не имеют формы Continuous, не употребляются и в Perfect Continuous. Это to be, to know, to see, to hear, to love и т.д. Вместо Perfect Continuous употребляется время группы Perfect.</p>			

I. Practice Present Perfect Continuous

1. Continue the situations using Present Perfect Continuous

Ex. Kate is out of breath. (she/do exercises) – She has been doing exercises.

1. John has a cut lip and Steve has a black eye. (Boys/fight)
2. Peter is really tired. (He/work/hard)
3. Billy is thirsty. (He/play football)
4. Mary has just returned from the beach. She is really red. (She/lie/without umbrella in the sun)
5. Frank is very happy. (He/play/favorite computer game)

2. Ask questions using Present Perfect Continuous

Ex. Your brother's hands are covered in dust. (You/clean/the garage?)

Have you been cleaning the garage?

1. You see a little girl. Her eyes are watery and red. (You/cry?)
2. Your boyfriend enters the room. His face and face are dirty. (You/work/on your car?)

3. You and your friend have just arrived to meet the friend of you who is waiting. (You/wait/long?)

3. Complete the sentences using Present Perfect Continuous

Ex. It's snowing now. It began to snow three hours ago.

It has been snowing for three hours.

1. Martha is playing. She began to play four hours ago. She ... for four hours.

2. Kevin is learning French. He started learning French in November. He ... since November.

3. Peter is looking for new job. He started looking three months ago. Peter ... for three months.

4. Christen is working in Tokyo. She started working in Tokyo on 29 March. Christen ... since 29 March.

5. Michael smokes. He began to smoke six years ago. Michael ... for six years.

4. Ask questions beginning with "how long"

Ex. It is snowing.

How long has it been snowing?

1. My eyes are hurting.

2. Chris plays football.

3. Peter sells used cars.

4. Jane is living Wisteria Lane.

5. Amanda is working in Paris.

6. Frank smokes.

7. Rebecca is learning Spanish.

II. Practice Past Perfect Continuous

1. Translate these sentences into Russian

1. He had been sitting here for 40 minutes when the telephone rang.

2. I had been trying to get him on the phone all day.

3. At eight in the morning we had been driving for six hours.

4. Tom had been doing his homework for an hour when his friend came to see him.

5. He had been waiting for her for long time before she came.

6. We had been walking in the rain for many hours when we saw a house.

7. She had been sitting there for half an hour before it started raining.

8. He had been looking for his glasses for an hour before he realized he had them in his pocket.

2. Put the verbs into the correct form (past perfect progressive)

1. We (sleep) for 12 hours when he woke us up.

2. They (wait) at the station for 90 minutes when the train finally arrived.

3. We (look for) her ring for two hours and then we found it in the bathroom.

4. I (not / walk) for a long time, when it suddenly began to rain.

5. How long (learn / she) English before she went to London?

6. Frank Sinatra caught the flu because he (sing) in the rain too long.

7. He (drive) less than an hour when he ran out of petrol.

8. They were very tired in the evening because they (help) on the farm all day.

9. I (not / work) all day; so I wasn't tired and went to the disco at night.

10. They (cycle) all day so their legs were sore in the evening.

3. Make the past perfect continuous negative

1. I (not / work) there long when she quit.

2. She (not / work) but she was tired anyway.

3. It (not / rain) long when I got home.

4. He was in trouble with the teacher because he (not / go) to classes.

5. We (not / live) in London for three years when we got married! It was more like five years.

6. Although it was hot in the kitchen, Julie (not / cook).

7. I (not / sleep) long when there was a knock at the door.

8. He didn't feel healthy, because he (not / go) to the gym.

9. I caught a cold because I (not / eat) properly.

4. Make the past perfect continuous questions.

1. When you got sick, (you / eat) enough?
2. There was water everywhere, (what / the children / do)?
3. (it / rain) when you left the restaurant?
4. (how long / she / live) in London when she found that job?
5. (why / you / study) so hard?
6. Why was the house so messy? .(what/ she / do)?
7. (how long / we / wait) when the bus finally arrived?
8. (how long / he / play) football when he was injured?
9. (I / work) that day?
10. (she /see) him for long when they moved to Paris?

III. Practice Future Perfect Progressive

1. Change the verb into the correct form (Future Perfect Progressive)

1. By midnight, you (dance) for 4 hours.
2. By dinner, she (cook) the whole afternoon.
3. He (work) there for 10 years by 2015.
4. By next year, I (study) English for 7 years.
5. By next week, we (renovate) for over a month.
6. In 2012, they (live) here for 4 years.
7. Before December, Barbara (teach) for a year.
8. By this time tomorrow, I (do) this exercise for a long time.
9. Jessica (help) them for 12 months.
10. Bob and Sarah (cook) for 2 hours at 8 o'clock.
11. Tomorrow at 9 o'clock I (sleep) for 10 hours.
12. On Thursday, I (fix) the car for a whole month!
13. In 10 minutes, James (wait) for 2 hours.
14. They (stand) for a whole day.
15. By this time next week, we (vacation) for a month.

TEST 1

1. I often _____ basketball.
 - a) play
 - b) is playing
 - c) has played
2. My brother never _____ for us.
 - a) waits
 - b) waited
 - c) has waited
3. I _____ it in the bookcase yesterday.
 - a) was finding
 - b) found
 - c) find
4. Last winter _____ warm.
 - a) is
 - b) were
 - c) was
5. Now they _____ the street.
 - a) were crossing
 - b) are crossing
 - c) cross
6. I _____ when you rang me up.
 - a) was reading
 - b) are reading
 - c) read
7. He _____ from the University next year.
 - a) will be graduating
 - b) will graduate
 - c) will have graduate
8. I _____ busy next Monday.
 - a) am
 - b) will be
 - c) was
9. The picture Mona Lisa _____ by Leonardo da Vinci.
 - a) painted
 - b) was painted
 - c) had been painted
10. Five fruit- trees _____ in our garden last year.

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- a) were planted
b) was planted
c) planted
11. I _____ this dictionary yet.
a) don't buy
b) haven't bought
c) didn't buy
12. They _____ just.
a) arrive
b) have arrived
c) arrived
13. I usually (go) to the office at 8 o'clock.
a) goes
b) go
c) is going
14. He (like) to read English books.
a) like
b) likes
c) liked
15. I (discuss) this question with my friend last night.
a) was discussing
b) discussed
c) has discussed
16. We (go) to the theatre two weeks ago.
a) had gone
b) went
c) is going
17. He (have) breakfast now.
a) is having
b) has
c) have
18. I (read) when I heard a scream..
a) will read
b) is reading
c) was reading
19. They (come) in a few days.
a) is coming
b) will be coming
c) will come

20. The film (begin) in 5 minutes.
a) begin
b) will begin
c) is beginning
21. The music (compose) by Beethoven.
a) has been composed
b) is composed
c) was composed
22. The house (buy) for 5000 dollars.
a) was bought
b) bought
c) has been bought
23. He just (come).
a) came
b) will come
c) has just come
24. I (know) him for a long time.
a) have known
b) knew
c) have been knowing

TEST 2

1. My mother usually _____ at 7 o'clock
a) has got up
b) gets up
c) get up
2. We _____ TV every evening.
a) are watching
b) watched
c) watch
3. I _____ Andrew yesterday.
a) saw
b) see
c) have seen
4. Last night I _____ a strange dream.
a) have
b) had
c) was having

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5. What's the matter? Why the child _____?
- a) is crying
 - b) cry
 - c) cried
6. I _____ my homework at 11 yesterday evening.
- a) did
 - b) was doing
 - c) do
7. I _____ my grandma next year.
- a) will have visited
 - b) will visit
 - c) will be visiting
8. This article _____ by famous scientists.
- a) has been written
 - b) was written
 - c) is written
9. This rule _____ by our teacher yesterday.
- a) was explained
 - b) has been explained
 - c) is explained
10. He _____ my letter yet.
- a) did not answer
 - b) does not answer
 - c) has not answered
11. I never _____ a camel.
- a) have never seen
 - b) has never seen
 - c) saw
12. We always _____ abroad for our holidays
- a) went
 - b) are going
 - c) go
13. Sandra always _____ early in the morning.
- a) has got up
 - b) gets up
 - c) is getting up
14. They _____ a new house last year.
- a) was buying
 - b) bought

- c) had bought
15. It _____ a week ago.
- a) happens
b) had happened
c) happened
16. Take the umbrella. It _____ outside.
- a) is raining
b) rained
c) rains
17. They _____ this question when we came in.
- a) are discussing
b) were discussing
c) discussed
18. Perhaps I _____ a good job.
- a) will have
b) am going to have
c) have
19. He _____ the work tomorrow.
- a) is going
b) will
c) will have finished
20. "War and Peace" _____ by L. Tolstoy.
- a) was written
b) is written
c) has been written
- 21 The house _____ a few years ago.
- a) built
b) had been built
c) was built
22. How long you _____ here?
- a) have been
b) are
c) were
23. I _____ the book yet.
- a) have read
b) have not read
c) did not read

TEST 3

Fill in the following blanks using the correct forms of the verbs in brackets. Use **simple present, simple past, present continuous, past continuous or future tense**

1. He usually (wake) up at 6 o'clock.
2. They (have) breakfast at the moment.
3. He (buy) a new bicycle yesterday.
4. When I (see) him, he (study) English.
5. We (live) in Fatih.
6. I (do) my Turkish homework tonight.
7. Be careful! Somebody (follow) us.
8. My father never (drink) before he (go) to bed.
9. Where you (go) last Sunday?
10. I hate him. I (not talk) to him again.
11. Don't worry. I (phone) you when he (come) .
12. I (not see) them last night.
13. While the man (repair) my radio, his son (play) with the tools.
14. He (go) mosque every Friday.
15. I (have) lunch with the new director tomorrow.
16. As I (swim) , it (start) to rain.
17. Please (call) me when the news (start) .
18. He (pack) his suitcases yesterday?
19. He always (start) work so late?
20. They still (wait) for me?
21. He (sell) his car last Sunday.
22. He never (have) breakfast at home.
23. I (visit) my grandparents next week.
24. She (not drink) tea in the evening.
25. I (live) in Moscow.
26. She (learn) foreign languages
27. She (begin) to work in 1980.
28. We (speak) English and (translate) sentences yesterday.
29. We (read) a letter now.
30. We (watch) TV when we came.
31. I (be) free tomorrow.
32. I (go) to the seaside as soon as my son takes his last exam.
33. The theatre (built) last year.

34. The book (write) by Jack London.
35. I never (meet) him before.
36. They already (learn) the new rule.